	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
English - Book	The BFG Roald Dahl POATURE Roald Dahl Own version fantasy narratives Recount (diary entry), character descriptions, wanted posters, new chapters, instructions The Tin Forest Helen Ward Persuasive information leaflets Persuasive posters, information leaflets, postcards, diaries, wishes, setting descriptions	The Heart and The Bottle Oliver Jeffers Own version 'dilemma' narratives Dialogue, postcard, character descriptions, diary entry, letters of advice. The First Drawing Mordicai Gerstein Own historical narrative Character descriptions, diary entry, recount	Newspaper reports, Shared poems, diary entries, persuasive posters, letters of explanation, discussions	Cloud Tea Monkeys Non-chronological reports, Descriptions, 'how to' guides (instructions), letters, discussions Cinderella of the Nile Own version narratives, Descriptive passages, how to guides, letters, discussions, non-chronological reports	The Thames and Tide Club Own version fantasy narrative, Persuasive letters and letters of advice, diary entries, weather reports, advertisements, dialogue Flotsam Sequels (mystery narratives), Postcards, setting descriptions, non- chronological reports, message in a bottle letters	Narrative poems, Warning posters, warning announcements, alternative endings, performance poetry, letters of apology The Day I Swapped my Dad for Two Goldfish Own version narratives, Thought bubbles, missing scenes, diaries
Maths (Mastery)	Number Sense and exploring calculation strategies: Read, write, order and compare numbers to 100	Addition and Subtraction: Develop and use a range of mental calculation strategies.	Multiplication and Division facts: Multiplication and division facts for 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10	Time: Tell, record, write and order the time analogue and digital 12-hour, a.m. and p.m.	Angles and Shape: Identify angles including right angles and recognise as a quarter of a turn	Securing multiplication and Division: knowledge and skills: multi-step word problems bar models

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Calculate mentally using known facts, round and adjust, near doubles, adding on to find the difference Derive new facts from a known fact.

Vocabulary:

Order, mental strategies, known facts, round, doubles, addition, subtraction, hundreds, tens, ones, place value

Place Value:

Read, write, represent, partition, order and compare 3-digit numbers Find 10 and 100 more or less Round to the nearest

multiple of 10 and 100

Vocabulary:

Round to the nearest 10, round the nearest 100, partition, hundreds, tens, ones, digit, more, less, greater than, less than, equal

Graphs:

Collect, interpret and present data using charts and tables.
Create pictographs and bar graphs to represent data.

Vocabulary:

Collect, interpret, data, table, pictograph, bar graph, information, key, row, column

Illustrate and explain formal written methods – column method.

Vocabulary:

Addition, subtraction, add, subtract, multiple, minus, regroup, plus, digit, place value, sum, total, partition, number bond, column method, bar model, known, unknown, value, quantity, whole, part, difference

Length and Perimeter:

Measure, draw and compare lengths
Add and subtract lengths
Calculate perimeter

Vocabulary:

Length, perimeter, height, width, nearest, measure, accurately, ruler, centimetre (cm), meter (m), millimetre (mm), estimate, roughly, more, less, greater than, less than, shorter, longer, total distance, altogether, calculate

Curriculum links:

Multiplicative structures: equal groups/parts, change and comparison, correspondence problems Relationships: commutativity and inverse.

Vocabulary:

Equal parts, communitive, whole, part, bar model, inverse, multiplication, division, fact families, lots of, combinations, systematic, factor, product, double, times as many

Deriving multiplication and division facts:

Multiply and divide by 10 and 100 Multiply a 2-digit number 2, 3, 4 and 5 and corresponding division situations
Divide 2-digit by a 1-digit

Vocabulary:

Equal parts, whole, part, times as many, times as much, divide, division, column, place holder, place value, inverse, times greater, times fewer, bar model, known, unknown, relationship

Curriculum links:

Times tables songs (music)

Measure, calculate and compare durations

Vocabulary:

Scale, indicate, clock, digital, analogue, a.m., p.m., clockwise, anti-clockwise, hour hand, minute hand, hour, minute, second, recorded time, minutes to, minutes past, later, earlier, late, early, earliest, latest, chronological order, compare, format, start time, end time, schedule, order, timetable, timeline, calculate

Fractions:

Part-whole relationships Fractions as part of a whole or a whole set and as a number Add, subtract, compare and order fractions

Vocabulary:

Whole, part of the whole, known, unknown, bar model, equal, unequal, divide, multiply, vinculum, denominator, numerator, fraction, multiplication, divide, division, multiply, non-unit fraction, compare, solve, fewer, more, greater, less, equivalent, half, tenth

Curriculum links:

Identify and draw parallel and perpendicular lines Draw/make, classify and compare 2-D and 3-D shapes. Measure the perimeter

Vocabulary:

Angle, perpendicular, parallel, lines, right angle, 2-D shape, 3-D shape, vertical, horizontal, equal distance, acute, obtuse, vertex, side, face, symmetry, line of symmetry, symmetrical, mirror image, reflective

Measures:

Read scales with different intervals when measuring mass and volume Weigh and compare masses and capacities with mixed units Estimate mass and capacity

Vocabulary:

Capacity, volume, litre, millilitre, mixed units, greater, less, larger, smaller, equal, weight, mass, gram, kilogram, lighter, heavier,

Curriculum links:

Multiply a 2-digit number by 6 or 8 (with regrouping Understand and link different representations for multiplication and division Exploring Calculation Strategies and Place Value: knowledge and skills

Apply addition and subtraction strategies Use commutativity, associativity and known facts to multiply efficiently Use halving or doubling to calculate efficiently

Vocabulary:

multiplication,
times, commutative, array,
factor, equal parts, whole,
product,
division,
group,
share
thousands, greater than,
less than, order, compare,
more, fewer, ascending,
descending, greatest

Curriculum links:

Multiplying and dividing from Autumn 2 term Bar models included throughout units all year.

Curriculum links:

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		<u> </u>	Olig Terrir Plan Tear 2	2024-2025		
	Outdoor Maths linked					
	Science (Plants). Children					
	to count the leaves on					
	trees in the playground,					
	create a table of data and					
	then use the data to create					
	a bar graph.					
Science	Plants	Animals including	Rocks	Forces and Magnets	Light	Space
KS2 (Rising		Humans				
	Knowledge/Learning		Managed and the second and the second	Karamata atau di aramata a	16 and a day 11 and a section of	Knowledge/Learning
Stars).	To know about parts of		Knowledge/Learning	Knowledge/Learning	Knowledge/Learning	To know about the moon,
	plants, lifecycle, requirements	Knowledge/Learning	To know about rocks, how	To know about forces,	To know about light sources,	astronauts, and craters
	for life	To know about animals,	rocks are formed, soil and	everyday materials, magnetic	reflection and blocking light,	astronauts, and craters
	1	nutrition, skeletons and	physical properties of	materials, magnets different	shadows, how shadows	01.11
	Skills:	muscles	rocks	poles.	change and how sunlight can	Skills:
	Explore the requirements of				be dangerous.	To observe and draw the Moon
	plants for life and growth (air,	Skills:	Skills:	Skills:		from real life and secondary
	light, water, nutrients from	to identify that animals,	Describe in simple terms how	Compare how things move on	Skills:	sources.
	soil, and room to grow) and	including humans, need	fossils are formed when	different surfaces	Recognise that they need	To make a model rocket and
	how they vary from plant to	the right types and amount	things that have lived are	Observe how magnets attract	light in order to see things	explain how it works.
	plant	of nutrition, and that they	trapped within rock.	or repel each other and	and that dark is the absence	To describe the Earth's
	piani	cannot make their own	Recognise that soils are	attract some materials and	of light	magnetic field and explain what
			made from rocks and organic	not others		it does to magnets.
	Identify and describe the	food; they get nutrition	matter	Compare and group together	Notice that light is reflected	
	functions of different parts of	from what they eat	Compare and group together	a variety of everyday	from surfaces	Vocabulary:
	flowering plants: roots,		different kinds of rocks on the	materials on the basis of		Moon
	stem/trunk, leaves and	To identify that humans	basis of their appearance and	whether they are attracted to	Recognise that light from the	Rocket
	flowers	and some other animals	simple physical properties	a magnet, and identify some	sun can be dangerous and	Thrust:
		have skeletons and	Simple physical properties	magnetic materials	that there are ways to protect	Crater
	Investigate the way in which	muscles for support,		Describe magnets as having	their eyes	Sphere
	water is transported within		N/ 1 1	two poles	lileii eyes	Cosmonaut
	plants	protection and movement	Vocabulary:	Predict whether two magnets		Astronaut:
	`		Mineral	will attract or repel each	Recognise that shadows are	Taikonaut
	Explore the part that flowers		Rock	other, depending on which	formed when the light from a	Shock absorber
	play in the life cycle of	Vocabulary:	Permeable	poles are facing	light source is blocked by a	Pole
	flowering plants, including	Nutrients:	Impermeable		solid object	
	pollination, seed formation	Protein:	Crystals			Magnetic North
	and seed dispersal	Fats:	Ore	Vocabulary:	Find patterns in the way that	Compass
	and social dispersal	A balanced diet:	Igneous	Force	the size of shadows change	Prediction
		Carbohydrates:	Magma	Magnet		
	Vocabulary:	Skeleton:	Sediment	Contact	Vocabulary:	Curriculum Links:
	Root		Sedimentary	Non-contact	Dull	English - diary writing of an
	Stem	Exoskeleton:	Granite, marble, sand, clay,	Attract		astronaut
	Flower	Femur:	limestone.		Shiny	History - timeline of space
	Leaves	Humerus:	Palaeontologist,	Repel	Reflect	travel
	Pollen	Contract:	Fossil	Magnetic	Mirror	
	Pollination	Relax:		Non-magnetic	Observation	Maths - time to travel to
	Ovary	Muscle	Extinct	Iron	Light source	space etc
	Sepals	Joint	Explanation	Pole	Shadow	
	Stamen			Magnetic North	Transparent	
	Carpel	Curriculum Links:	Curriculum Links:	Compass	Translucent	
	Stigma	Computing: Virtual	English links • Writing	Prediction	Opaque	
		Experiment links,	notes, researching.		Description:	
	Style	,	Mathematics links •	Curriculum Links:	Mirror:	
	Ovule			Samon Line	-	

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	Curriculum Links: Maths: measuring English.computing: Information page about the functions of flower parts	spreadsheets for graphs and comparing arm/feet sizes Literacy: Writing Opportunities: Menu of Healthy Eating. Posters on eating well and keeping healthy, extended write activities such as persuasive letters, information pages History: comparing diet now to in the past Numeracy: Handling data — collecting information and representing in a graph or chart. Songs: Healthy Heart	Tables/results Computing links • Research, photographing evidence, also some recording could be done on word/publisher Other links Geographyrocks around the world/ history fossils/stone age	DT: appropriate materials for everyday items Computing: Literacy: Writing Opportunities: • Extended write opportunity — write a report of their findings from one of the experiments Numeracy: bar charts, measures	Mesopotamia Coating Kaleidoscope Timeline Curriculum Links: Art: Light and Dark RE: Festival of Light RE: stain glass windows Summer 1 – We are Astronauts – Famous Astronaut – Neil Armstrong Summer 1 – Light – Famous Scientist – Thomas Edison	
History (Rising Stars – Voyagers)		What was new about the new Stone Age? Knowledge/learning: UNIT OVERVIEW In this unit the children will explore how life changed for		What was more impressive the Bronze age or Iron age? UNIT OVERVIEW In this unit the children will explore the key features of the Bronze and Iron Ages, and come to conclusions about how difficult life was. They look at the developments that were	Why should we preserve locality? Unit overview: In this unit, the children will investigate their local area, and consider which buildings are of significance and should be preserved. They will conduct	
		people during different periods of the Stone Age, including the Early, Middle and New Stone Ages. They will cover why the period was called the Stone Age and what evidence there is from the period, particularly in the form of artefacts and monuments.		made during the periods and discuss together which made the biggest impact o the standard of living. CURRICULUM LINKS In this unit, the children will: understand changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the	their own research, using sources including recommended websites, history books, street directories and census returns. They will also have the opportunity to visit and study local listed buildings and make links to	
		Skills: To research, select, organise and communicate findings develop a chronological understanding of the Stone Age		Iron Age • understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference • understand the methods of historical enquiry. CROSS-CURRICULAR LINKS English: researching information in books and online	historical events from the time of the building's construction, as well as to their prior learning. There is the possibility of inviting a panel of guests to take part in a question and answer session about	

To gain a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms
To use concepts to make connections, draw contrasts and analyse trends
To devise and answer historically valid questions about the Stone Age
To construct the past from a range of sources
To think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments.

Vocabulary:

Archaeologist
Artefact
bc(e)
Domestication
Flint and flint knapping
Homo sapiens
Hunter gatherer
Megaliths, henges, barrows,
stone circles
Mesolithic (Middle Stone Age)
Neanderthal
Neolithic (new Stone Age)
Nomad
Palaeolithic (early Stone Age)
Saddle guern

Prior Learning:

Year 2 History topic Curriculum Links:

English: researching information in books and online communicating findings, and expressing opinions writing of various,types including description, narrative and imaginative, writing, presenting, drafting, editing and redrafting, vocabulary development, explaining and justifying ideas.

Maths: understanding dates, duration, time terms, Calculations.

Science: relationships with the environment, changes over time, classification

(Lessons 1-6): communicating findings, and expressing opinions (Lessons 3-6); writing of various types including description, comparative, narrative, imaginative, persuasive, drama and roleplay (Lesson 6); presentation using different genres (Lesson 6); drafting, editing and redrafting (Lessons 2-6): vocabulary development. explaining and justifying ideas (Lesson 6) Maths: understanding dates. duration, time terms, calculations (Lessons 1, 6); Science: understanding relationships with the environment (Lessons 4, 5); changes over time, classification (Lessons 2-6) Art and design: expressing creativity - drawing, painting, understanding art including cultural development of art forms (Lessons 3, 4, 6); evaluating art (Lessons 1–6) Computing: researching online including selecting and using software, using search facilities and safe use of technology (Lessons 1-6) Design and technology: designing and making buildings and artefacts (Lesson 4): making fit for purpose, selecting tools and materials for the task, understanding different materials (Lesson 4); evaluating products, understanding how significant technological developments shaped social, economic. political and cultural structures, understanding diet and cooking materials in the Bronze and Iron Ages (Lesson 3)

local buildings, leading into the children planning and running a campaign to save a particular building. The Big Finish in week 6 provides an opportunity for the children to consolidate their learning into a big piece of creative work, illustrating what makes a building special. Their work will be exhibited and is a chance to share their learning with the school, family and friends in this unit, the children will: · use common words and phrases relating to the passing of time develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British and local history develop the appropriate use of historical terms address and devise historical valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance construct informed responses that involve selection of relevant information · understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources

Cross-curricular links
• Art: creative work
responding to the locality, art
in the style of a local artist
• DT: designing and making
items for the campaign,
models of buildings or sites of
particular significance
• English: letter-writing, blogs,

social media campaigns

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identifying the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)

Practise geographical skills through using maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate features studied

Use the eight points of the compass to build their knowledge of the wider world.

To understand that our flat 2-

Skills:

D maps and spherical 3-D physical and political globes all represent our world, but in different ways To demonstrate the relationship between maps and globes and explore the idea of addresses To be able to identify the position of lines of latitude and name the Equator. Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn and the Polar circles. Arctic and Antarctic and the North and South Poles To learn about longitude, and about the Earth's daily rotation and its effects To introduce the International

Date Line and time around

inventing the Big Finish World

To describe the significance

of latitude and longitude and

points on the Earth's surface

to describe the location of

the world, and to start

how they are used

Game

To find out about the polar climate zone, and to learn about the tundra biome To find out about the hottest. driest places on Earth and the tropical desert climate zone To find out about the hottest. wettest places on Earth, and to learn the term tropical rainforest biome To learn about the temperate climate zone and the deciduous forest biome, and to consider climate change and preventative measures that might be taken in the UK To produce a report based on researching a specified animal adapted to life in its biome, and to use appropriate geographical vocabulary learned during the course of the topic

Skills

Locate some of the world's climate zones on a globe or map, name examples and have some understanding of them Describe and give examples of the variety of biomes and vegetation belts Use appropriate geographical vocabulary to describe weather, climate, climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts.

Vocabulary

Biome Climate Desert Drought Environment: Fauna Flora Grassland Rainfall Temperature

Tropical

United Kingdom

Learn about key topographical features (including coast and rivers) to understand how some of these aspects have changed over time

Understand similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a regions of the United Kingdom (SW England) and a region in a European country (Costa Blanca, Spain)

Describe and understand key aspects of the human geography of coasts, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity etc.

Skills:

To discover how much the children know about, and have experienced, the seaside, and to locate coastal places in the UK on a map To introduce a region of the UK, and discover how varied its coastline is

To use geographical vocabulary to describe, compare and contrast natural features found at the coast

To introduce economic activities that occur around the coast of the UK and use geographical vocabulary to describe built coastal features.

To carry out research and prepare a presentation.

Vocabulary:

bay,beach,cliff,coast,coral,dock, dune,erosion,estuary,harbour,h eadland,pier,port,promenade,ro ckpool,saltmarsh,sand,tide,touri sm

Prior Learning:

Vocabulary

Antarctic Circle
Arctic Circle, Compass points,
Day,Equator,
Global Positioning Systems
International Date Line
Lines of latitude
Lines of longitude
Night
Northern Hemisphere,
North Pole, Ordnance Survey
Map, Prime Meridian
Southern Hemisphere, South
Pole, Time zone

Prior Learning:

use world maps, atlases and globes, use simple compass directions understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country, name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans, name. locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas, identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles

Curriculum Links:

English: writing text for a picture book or to recount as a story without words. writing game rules listening to how John Harrison solved the problem of longitude.

Equator
Tundra
Vegetation belt
Weather
Maps of world annual
average air temperatures
and rainfall
Map of World Climate
Zones Images obtained by
Googling named deserts
Useful website links page

Prior Learning:

Curriculum Links:

English: reading factual information, recording factual information in writing, on a diagram, discussing ideas and information, practising presentation skills Speaking in an interview.

Maths: learning about temperature, measuring in millimetres.

Science: researching plant and animal habitats, learning about temperature, plant and animal life.

Art & design: creating a wall collage of visual material.

Computing: writing a PowerPoint presentation

Resources:

World map
Lines of latitude and
Climate Zones sheet
Map of world annual
average air temperatures
Map of world climate
Useful website links page.
Map of world annual
average air temperatures
Map of the Arctic
Map of the Antarctic
Five coldest places on
Earth Internet access to
Google Earth Map of World
Climate Zones

use world maps, atlases and alobes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries. name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom use world maps, atlases and alobes to identify the United Kingdom, use simple compass directions.

Curriculum Links:

English: using descriptive language .using persuasive writing Science: learning about beach, cliff and sea habitats

Art & Design: designing and creating posters and presentations to promote a coastal location.

Computing: using Google Earth to explore the world

Music: singing a song about the seaside.

Resources:

	Maths: learning about scale direction and compass points learning about properties of a sphere, time and the 24-hour clock, angles. Science: seeing the Earth from space. Art & design: making a papier-mâché globe, an invented game.		A globe. Characteristics of the Arctic and Antarctic. Map of world rainfall		
	Computing: writing a new game. Design & technology: making a papier-mâché globe, inventing a game. Resources:				
Art (Kapow)		Knowledge/learning: Painting and mixed media: prehistoric (links with stone age) Skills: Generating ideas: Generate ideas from a range of stimuli and carry out simple research and evaluation as part of the making process. Using sketchbooks: Use sketchbooks for a wider range of purposes, for example recording things using drawing and annotations, planning and taking next steps in a making process. Making skills: Develop direct observation, for example by using tonal shading and starting to apply an understanding of shape to communicate form and proportion. Confidently use a range of materials and tools, selecting and using these appropriately with more independence.		Knowledge/learning: Take One Picture Skills: Generate ideas from a range of stimuli and carry out simple research and evaluation as part of the making process. Interpret patterns from the given picture. Vocabulary: charcoal composition negative image pigment positive image prehistoric proportion scaled up sketch smudging texture tone Prior Learning: Develop observational skills, sketching, and mixing paint.	Sculpture and 3D: Shape and Space Skills: I can define 'sculpture'. I can try different ways to join card shapes. I can build a 3D structure that stands up on its own. Vocabulary: Sculpture, structure, three dimensional Prior Learning: Build upon prior knowledge of sculpting, using tools correctly, constructing with growing independence. Use hands and tools with confidence when cutting, shaping, joining paper and malleable materials. Curriculum Links: To develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. About great artists, architects and designers in history.

<u>L</u>
Knowledge of artists: Discuss how artists produced art in the past and understand the influence and impact of their methods and styles on art today, using their own experiences and historical evidence. Understand the limitations of tools and materials and be able to experiment within more than one medium and with tools to create textural effects.
Evaluating and analysing: Confidently explain their ideas

Confidently explain their ideas and opinions about their own and others' artwork, with an understanding of the breadth of what art can be and that there are many ways to make art.

Discuss and begin to interpret meaning and purpose of artwork, understanding how artists can use art to communicate.

Vocabulary:

charcoal
composition
negative image
pigment
positive image
prehistoric
proportion
scaled up
sketch
smudging
texture
tone

Prior Learning:

Develop on prior painting confidence, using mixed methods of artistic representation.

Experimenting in sketch books, further demonstrate control.

Curriculum Links:

To create sketch books to record their observations and

Develop observational skills to look closely and aim reflect some of the formal elements of art.

Curriculum Links:

To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.

To know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

To develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.

Resources:

Sketch books, paint, pencils, charcoal.

Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures

Resources:

Cereal boxes, Scissors, Rulers, Pencils, Cardboard Shape Templates (Squares, triangles, circles, irregular shapes), cameras to take photos

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	use them to review and revisit ideas. To know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms. To develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Resources: Pencils, rubbers, lesson resources (work sheets), charcoal, paint				
To enable pupils to learn how bread from around the world can contribute to a healthy, varied diet. To learn where food comes from and how different ingredients are produced. To research, taste, design and make bread safely and hygienically. Skills: To name a selection of different types of bread and their countries of origin. To describe a selection of breads tasted using sensory vocabulary. To make bread by applying bread rolling skills. To identify ingredients in meals from around the world and sort those ingredients into The Eatwell Plate. To select basic equipment to prepare ingredients to create an attractive pizza. To suggest ideas for basic design criteria.		Knowledge/learning: Sewing – Money Containers To know about stitching and different stitches, investigating fabrics, plan and make a design and evaluate Skills: To investigate a range of textile products that have a selection of stitches To learn a range of stitching techniques and to practise sewing two small pieces of fabric together. Select and use a range of appropriate tools with some accuracy e.g. cutting, joining and finishing To use tools effectively and safely To create a design brief, set within a context which is authentic and meaningful. To make a paper template of their design To plan the main stages of making. To make a finished product using design criteria. Vocabulary:		Structures- Kite Making To name and explain the function of the different parts of a kite. To plan and design a structure. To create a functional kite using a range of tools and equipment. To use tools effectively and safely To test kites. To evaluate their own products against the design criteria. Skills: To apply their understanding of how to strengthen and reinforce complex structures. To use research and development design criteria to inform the design of an innovation, functional and appealing product. To generate, develop and communicate their ideas through discussion and annotated sketches. To select from and use a wide range of materials and components according to	

To design bread based on their research and experiences.
To follow their design and apply the food preparation skills to make bread.
To evaluate their bread against their design and suggest improvements.

Vocabulary:

Texture, taste, smell, appearance, filling, sweet, sour, salty, bitter, recipe, ingredients, instructions, Bread, oven, temperature, Weighing, Sieving, Mixing, Kneading, Proving, Shaping
Baking, Healthy, balanced plate, food groups, preference

Prior Learning:

Each lesson builds off of the previous lesson so skills will be built throughout the half term.

Curriculum Links: -

History: The Stone Age – What did they eat.
Geography: Where food comes from and Seasonality.
English: Writing-Food
Pyramid; learning new vocabularies.
French: Vocabularies
Maths: measuring.
After school club: Cooking

Resources:

club.

Different types of bread Bread evaluation sheet Bread matching cards Roll Recipe Ingredients/equipment Worksheet Eat well Plate Food cards (1 per group) Pizza recipe

Maths: Money-selling

fabric, names of fabrics, fastening, compartment, zip stitch, seam, seam allowance user, purpose, design, model, evaluate, prototype, annotated, sketch, functional, innovative, investigate, label, drawing, aesthetics, function, pattern pieces, Stage.

Prior Learning:

flowchart.

Created designs for kites, investigated appropriate materials and evaluated kites in Summer 1

Curriculum Links:

and selling.
PSHE: Looking after our belongings – money; team work; healthy food plate.
Art: Research and design.
Maths: Solving problems involving money.
Improving five motor skills.
History: Old money comparisons.

English: Role shop – buying

Resources:

collection of wallets, LCP flip book, selection of fabrics and fastenings, left/right handed scissors, needles, thread, tape, fabric glue, pins, measuring tape Nets, Template, paper models Paper, scissors their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. To apply an understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce complex structures.

To evaluate their ideas and product against the design criteria.

Vocabulary:

Parts, function, bridle, line, tow point, keel, sail, spars, tail, fabric

Prior Learning:

Curriculum Links:

reading comprehension. PSHE: Socialising. Computing. Art: Drawing and textiles. Maths: Shapes. Geography: Seasons and weathers. Science: Forces - air resistance

English: Writing instructions;

Resources:

Colouring pencils, pencils, rubbers Selection of fabrics, wooden dowels, string, scissors

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	Pizza making					
	ingredients/equipment					
	Mini tortillas, sauce and					
	toppings.					
	Ingredients					
	Recipe					
	Access to kitchen					
	7 toocoo to kitorien					
	Healthy eating word search					
Computing	Coding	Online Safety	Spreadsheets	Email	Branching databases	Simulations
(Purple Mash)	Coding	Knowledge and Learning	Spreadsneets	Liliali	Branching databases	Knowledge and Learning
(i dipie masii)	Knowledge and Learning	Knowledge and Learning	Knowledge and Learning	Knowledge and Learning	Knowledge and Learning	Knowledge and Learning
	Review previous learning, to	To know what makes a safe	To create pie charts and bar	To think about different	To complete a branching	To explain what a simulation is
				methods of communication,		
	design and write a program,	password, how to keep	graphs.		database, To create a	and be able to give examples of
	learn how to use the if	passwords safe and the	To use the more than less	To open and respond to an	branching database of the	simulations.
	command, to understand	consequences of giving your	than equal	email, To learn how to use	pupils' choice.	To run through simulations
	what a variable is, to explore	passwords away. To	To introduce advanced mode	email safely, To add an	Obelle	making choices and discussing
	the use of the repeat	understand how the Internet	of 2calculate and use	attachment to an email, To	Skills:	their effects.
	command, to understand	can be used to help us to	coordinates.	explore a simulated email	Sort objects using yes or no	To discuss the purpose of a
	what debugging is and the	communicate. To understand	Chille	scenario.	questions, Pupils have	simulation and how effective it
	need to debug and test a	how a blog can be used to	Skills:	OLUM	contributed to a class	was.
	program.	help us communicate with a	create a table of data on a	Skills:	branching database about	
		wider audience. To discuss	spreadsheet, use a	Open and respond to an	fruit. • Pupils have completed	
	Skills:	why PEGI restrictions exist.	spreadsheet to create graphs	email, add an attachment to	a branching database about	Skills:
	design algorithms using		and charts, use more than	an email, to search for a	vegetables. • Extension:	find out what a simulation is and
	flowcharts, use selection in	Skills:	less than equals to compare	contact, read and respond to	Pupils can edit andPupils can	understand the purpose of
	coding with the 'if' command,	For pupils to consider if what	different numbers, describe a	a series of emails, pupils	select and save appropriate	simulations.
	understand and use	they read on websites is true?	cell location, find specific	know how to stay safe online.	images. • Pupils can create a	explore different simulations.
	variables,	To look at a 'spoof' website.	locations on a spreadsheet.		branching database.	create their own simulation,
		To create a 'spoof' webpage.		Vocabulary		evaluate different simulations.
	Vocabulary	To think about why these	Vocabulary	communication, email,	Vocabulary	
	event	sites might exist and how to	advanced mode, copy and	compose, send, report to the	branching database	Vocabulary
	if	check that the information is	paste, columns, cells, delete	teacher, attachment, address	database question	simulation
	input	accurate.	key equals tool, move cell	book, save to draft, password,	data	Prior Learning:
	output		tool, row, spin tool,	cc, formatting.		
	object	Vocabulary	spreadsheet		Prior Learning:	
	properties	password		Prior Learning:		Curriculum Links
	repeat	internet	Prior Learning:	Internet safety pupils know		Science - space simulation on
	computer simulation	blog	What more than less than and	not to give out personal	Curriculum Links	space
	selection	concept map	equals to mean and apply	information. \children know	maths sorting objects	Resources:
	timer	username	them correctly,	how to use the email feature	Resources:	purple mash, 2simulate
	variable	website		on purple mash	purple mash	
		webpage	Curriculum Links		2question	Graphing
	Prior Learning:	spoof website	maths - graphs, number,	Curriculum Links		Knowledge and Learning
	understand and use	pegi rating	more than less than	english-writing a response,		To produce and share graphs,
	variables, what is an		Resources:	Resources:		record data accurately, analyse
	algorithm and understand the	Prior Learning:	purple mash			graphs and data,
	difference between timers	What is personal information?		purple mash		To present results in graphic
	and repeat commands.	why you should not share	touch typing			form.
	·	user name	Knowledge and Learning			
	Curriculum Links		Introduce typing, how to sit at			Skills:
		Curriculum Links	a keyboard, to learn and			To enter data into a range of
	Resources: purple mash	PSHE: keeping yourself safe	practice typing			graphs, To make a graph on the
		Resources: purple mash	. , ,			computer, select the most
			Skills:			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

			develop the ability to touch type the home and bottom rows, to use two hands to touch type at a keyboard.			appropriate type of graph to present data.
			Vocabulary posture, top row keys, bottom row keys, space bar Prior Learning:			Vocabulary graph, bar chart, field, data, block graph, line graph, pie chart, row, column Prior Learning:
			Curriculum Links English- spelling Resources: purple mash			Curriculum Links maths-graphs Resources: purple mash
PE	Dodgeball	Ball Skills:	Football	Tag Rugby	Dance	Cricket
	Knowledge and Learning To learn the rules of dodgeball and apply them to a game situation. To develop throwing at a moving target. To use jumps, dodges and ducks to avoid being hit. Skills: Physical: Throwing Physical: Catching Physical: Dodging Physical: Blocking Social: Communication Social: Collaboration Social: Respect Emotional: Honesty Emotional: Perseverance Thinking: Decision making Thinking: Selecting and applying skills Curriculum Links ENGLISH Learning of key vocabulary — Opposition, consecutive, conceding, defending Understand and follow instructions Understand rules and apply them to game situations Communicating tactics and discussing what made them successful MATHS	Knowledge and Learning To develop confidence and accuracy when tracking a ball. To develop confidence and accuracy when tracking a ball. To explore and develop a variety of throwing techniques. To develop catching skills using one and two hands. To develop dribbling a ball with hands. To use tracking, sending and dribbling skills with feet. Skills: Physical: Tracking a ball Physical: Tracking a ball Physical: Throwing Physical: Catching Physical: Dribbling Social: Supporting others Social: Co-operation Social: Communication Social: Managing games Emotional: Perseverance Emotional: Perseverance Emotional: Respect Emotional: Challenging self Thinking: Decision making Thinking: Developing tactics Thinking: Creativity	Knowledge and Learning To develop controlling the ball and dribbling under pressure. To develop passing to a teammate. To be able to control the ball with different parts of the body. To develop changing direction with the ball using an inside and outside hook. To be able to jockey / track an opponent. To be able to apply the rules and tactics you have learnt to play in a football tournament. Skills: Physical: Dribbling Physical: Passing Physical: Passing Physical: Tracking/ jockeying Physical: Tracking/ jockeying Physical: Receiving Social: Communication Social: Collaboration Social: Cooperation Emotional: Honesty Emotional: Perseverance Thinking: Selecting and applying tactics Thinking: Decision making Curriculum Links ENGLISH Learning of key vocabulary - Interception, opponent,	Knowledge and Learning To develop throwing, catching and running with the ball. To develop an understanding of tagging rules. To begin to use the 'forward pass' and 'off side' rule. To be able to dodge a defender and move into space when running towards the goal. To develop defending skills and use them in a game situation. To be able to apply the rules and tactics you have learnt and play in a tag rugby tournament. Skills Physical: Passing Physical: Catching Physical: Dodging Physical: Tagging Physical: Tagging Physical: Collaboration Social: Collaboration Social: Inclusion Emotional: Honesty and fair play Emotional: Perseverance Emotional: Confidence Thinking: Planning strategies and using tactics Thinking: Observing and providing feedback	Knowledge and Learning To create actions in response to a stimulus and move in unison with a partner. To create actions to move in contact with a partner or interact with a partner. To understand how dynamics affect the actions performed. To be able to select and use actions to represent an idea. To work with a partner to choose actions that relate to an idea. To remember and repeat actions, using dynamics to clearly show different phrases. To choose actions which relate to the idea, using space and timing to make my work look interesting. To understand and use formations, choosing poses which relate to the stimulus. To use transitions and changes of timing to move into and out of shapes. Skills: Physical: Using canon, unison, formation, dynamics, pathways, direction Physical: Copying and performing actions Physical: Balance Social: Sharing ideas	Knowledge and Learning To develop overarm throwing and catching. To learn how to grip the bat and develop batting technique. To be able to field a ball using a two handed pick up and a short barrier. To develop overarm bowling technique. To play apply skills learnt to mini cricket. Skills: Physical: Underarm and overarm throwing Physical: Catching Physical: Over and underarm bowling Physical: Fielding and tracking a ball Physical: Batting Social: Collaboration and communication Social: Respect Emotional: Perseverance Emotional: Honesty Thinking: Observing and providing feedback Thinking: Applying strategies Curriculum Links ENGLISH Learning of key vocabulary - Fielders, batters, striking, tracking, bowling Understand and follow instructions

Adding points in the tournament to work out their overall placing SCIENCE

Exploring overarm throwing and discussing their findings relating to technique and accuracy

Vocabulary:

Receiver Footwork Rebound Tracking Intercepting Mark Travelling Playing area

Fundamentals

Knowledge and Learning To develop balancing and understand the importance of

this skill.

To understand how to change speed and be able to demonstrate good technique when running at different speeds.

To demonstrate a change of speed and direction to outwit others.

To develop technique and control when jumping, hopping and landing. To develop skipping in a rope. To apply fundamental skills to a variety of challenges.

Skills:

Physical: Balancing Physical: Running Physical: Hopping Physical: Jumping Physical: Dodging Physical: Skipping Social: Supporting and encouraging others Social: Respect Social: Communication

Curriculum Links:

ENGLISH Learning vocabulary accuracy, consistency,

creative, track, focus, control Sharing and communicating

Discussing and agreeing on a plan

Communication skills MATHS

Estimating distances Addition

Vocabulary: Track Receive Chest Shoulder Overhead Accurate

Gymnastics

Knowledge and Learning To be able to create interesting point and patch balances.

To develop stepping into shape jumps with control To develop the straight. barrel, and forward roll. To be able to transition smoothly into and out of balances.

To create a sequence with matching and contrasting actions and shapes. To create a partner sequence incorporating equipment.

Skills:

Physical: Individual point and patch balances Physical: Straight roll Physical: Barrel roll Physical: Forward roll Physical: Straight iump Physical: Tuck jump Physical: Star jump Physical: Rhythmic **avmnastics**

Social: Collaboration

Social: Communication

defend, attack, tracking, possession Understand and follow instructions Understand rules and apply them to game situations Communication with a partner and group MATHS Adding scores in the tournament to get a final placing Creating goals set distances

Vocabulary: Receiver Footwork Rebound Tracking Intercepting Mark Travelling Plaving area

apart

Handball **Knowledge and Learning**

To begin to throw and catch while on the move. To develop accuracy when shooting.

To be able to apply individual and team defending skills To use a change of direction and speed to lose a defender and move into space.

To maintain possession when in attack.

Skills:

Physical: Ball control Physical: Throwing and catching

Physical: Moving with the ball Physical: Dribbling Physical: Shooting Social: Working Safely Social: Communication Social: Respect

Emotional: Honesty and Fair

Emotional: Perseverance Thinking: Planning strategies

Curriculum Links ENGLISH

Learning of key vocabulary -Interception, opponent, defend, attack, consecutive. possession

Understand and follow instructions

Understand rules and apply them to game situations Communication with a partner

and group MATHS

Keeping the score in matches and the number of tags made

Vocabulary: Receiver **Footwork** Rebound Tracking Intercepting Mark Travelling Playing area

Hockey

Knowledge and Learning

To develop sending the ball with a push pass.

To develop receiving the ball. To develop dribbling using the reverse stick (Indian dribble). To develop moving into space after passing the ball. To be able to use an open

stick tackle. To apply defending and attacking principles and skills in a hockey tournament.

Skills:

Physical: Passing Physical: Dribbling Physical: Receiving Physical: Intercepting Physical: Tackling Social: Communication Social: Collaboration Social: Inclusive Emotional: Honesty and fair

Emotional: Perseverance Emotional: Empathy

Social: Respect Social: Inclusion of others Social: Leadership Social: Working safely Emotional: Confidence Emotional: Acceptance Thinking: Selecting and applying actions Thinking: Creating Thinking: Observing and

Curriculum Links ENGLISH

providing feedback

Learning of key vocabulary stimulus, dynamics, formations, canon, unison. shape, relationships Understand and follow instructions, linking actions to counts

Communication with a partner and group Communicating and exploring

ideas to create a dance phrase

Vocabulary: Flow Explore Create

Athletics

Knowledge and Learning To develop the sprinting

technique and improve on your personal best. To develop changeover in relav events.

To develop jumping technique in a range of approaches and take off positions.

To develop throwing for distance and accuracy.

Skills:

Physical: Sprinting

Understand rules and apply them to game situations Communicating ideas and discussing what made them successful Spelling the word 'WICKET' in a

scoring game MATHS Counting the number of objects

thrown on each side of the court Keeping the score

Degrees of release in throws and bowling

Creating goals set distances

apart SCIENCE

Exploring overarm throwing and discussing their findings relating to technique and accuracy

Vocabulary: Strike Grip Rounder Backstop Bowl Post Wicket Batting

Wicket keeper

Fielding

OAA **Knowledge and Learning**

To develop co-operation and teamwork skills.

To develop trust and team work. To involve all team members in an activity and work towards a collective goal.

To develop trust and accept support whilst listening to others

and following instructions. To be able to identify objects on a map, draw and follow a simple

To draw a route using

directions.

To be able to orientate a map and navigate around a grid.

Skills:

Physical: Balance Physical: Running

Social: Taking turns Emotional: Challenging mvself Emotional: Perseverance Emotional: Honesty Thinking: Selecting and applying skills Thinking: Observing others and providing feedback Thinking: Identifying strengths and areas for development **Curriculum Links** MATHS Counting Measuring distances Understanding scales **ENGLISH** Communicating with others Expressing ideas Learning key vocabulary: accelerate, decelerate. dodging, sprinting Listening to and following instructions SCIENCE Understanding changes to the body when exercising Vocabulary:

Distance Technique Control Tension Coordination Rhvthm

Social: Respect Emotional: Confidence Thinking: Observing and providing feedback Thinking: Selecting and applying actions Thinking: Evaluating and improving

Curriculum Links: **ENGLISH**

Learning of key vocabulary -Extension, body tension. momentum, rotate Understand and follow instructions Structuring and providing feedback to others MATHS Creating symmetrical shapes in their iumps

Creating matching and

contrasting shapes

Vocabulary: Flow Explore Create Matching Interesting Control contrasting

Thinking: Observing and providing feedback

Learning of key vocabulary:

Curriculum Links **ENGLISH**

grip, attack, interception, opponent, defend. possession. Understand and follow instructions. Communicate with teammates, opponents and officials. MATHS

Estimating distances

Vocabulary:

Track Receive Chest Shoulder Overhead

Thinking: Planning strategies and using tactics Thinking: Observing and providing feedback Thinking: Decision making

Curriculum Links: **ENGLISH** Learning of key vocabulary interception, possession,

opposition, defender, attacker, reverse. Understand and follow instructions.

Understand rules and apply them to game situations. Communication with a partner

and group. MATHS

Adding scores in the tournament to get a final placing.

Creating goals set distances apart.

Estimating distances away from a partner.

Vocabulary: Receiver Footwork Rebound Tracking Intercepting Mark Travelling Playing area Physical: Jumping for distance Physical: Push and pull throwing for distance Social: Working collaboratively Social: Working safely Emotional: Perseverance Emotional: Determination Thinking: Observing and providing feedback

Curriculum Links: **ENGLISH**

Learning of key vocabulary -Power, speed, strength, vertical, progressive Communicating ideas Reading task cards MATHS

Adding metres thrown to get a total

Recording data Analysing data Timing partner in events Measuring distances with

Estimating speeds to match their partner's pace SCIENCE

Understanding the effect exercise has on the body Learning the names of muscles

Understanding how the body reacts to different exercises Estimating distances with cones and concluding the longest iump

Exploring the impact of strength and speed on distance produced Exploring transferring weight

to create power in throws

Vocabulary: Speed Power Strength Accurately Higher Pace Control

Social: Communication Social: Teamwork Social: Trust Social: Inclusion Social: Listening Emotional: Confidence Thinking: Planning Thinking: Map reading Thinking: Decision making Thinking: Problem solving

Curriculum Links

ENGLISH

Learning of key vocabulary -Communication, obstacle. reflect, planning, navigate Understand and follow instructions

Understand rules and apply them to different challenges Expressing ideas and communicating with a partner

and group MATHS

Adding body parts together in 'Body Parts' challenge Adding points together in 'Gold

Nuggets' challenge GEOGRAPHY

Reading maps to navigate around a course

Learning how to orientate a map

Vocabulary: Rules Route Trust Negative Grid **Discuss**

plan

Long Term Plan Year	2024-2025
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Long Term Plan Year 2024-2025						
					Faster Further	
RE (Discovery RE)	Hinduism - Diwali Knowledge and Learning: We are learning to investigate what happens during the festival of Diwali and whether the celebrations bring a sense of belonging to Hindus. Skills: To retell the story of Rama and Sita and explain their importance to Divali To explore Hindus beliefs, different symbols and their meanings. To explore why Ganesha is	Christianity - Christmas: Incarnation Knowledge and Learning: We are learning to find out what the true meaning of Christmas is to Christians and compare this with what Christmas means to us. Skills: To retell a story To learn the true meaning of Christmas.	Christianity - Jesus' miracles: Incarnation Knowledge and Learning: We are learning to retell Bible stories when miracles have happened and question whether Jesus really did perform miracles. Skills: To retell a story To be able to answer the questions: Could Jesus heal people?	Christianity - Easter – forgiveness: Salvation-New Covenant Knowledge and Learning: We are learning to recall key events in the Easter story and understand why Jesus' crucifixion symbolises hope for Christians. Skills: To answer the questions: What is 'good' about Good	Hinduism - Hindu Beliefs Knowledge and Learning: We are learning to understand the Hindu belief that there is one God with many different aspects. Skills: To learn to answer the questions: How can Brahman be everywhere and in	Hinduism - Pilgrimage to the River Ganges Knowledge and Learning: We are learning to understand the significance of the River Ganges both for a Hindu and non-Hindu. Skills: To learn to answer the questions: Would visiting the River Ganges feel special to a non Hindu?
	so popular. To understand how Hindus learn from the actions of the lead characters. To explain if Ravana is a symbol of evil. To understand how standing up against evil influence Hindu behaviour today.	To explain if sacred texts have to be 'true' to help people understand their religion. To explain if religion is the most important influence and inspiration in everyone's life. (Believing/Behaving)	Were these miracles or is there some other explanation? Do sacred texts have to be 'true' to help people understand their religion? Is religion the most important influence and inspiration in everyone's life?	Friday? Should religious people be sad when someone dies? Do sacred texts have to be 'true' to help people understand their religion? Can the arts help communicate religious	everything? Do sacred texts have to be 'true' to help people understand their religion? Can the arts help communicate religious beliefs? (Believing) Vocabulary:	Do religious people live better lives? Is religion the most important influence and inspiration in everyone's life? (Believing/Behaving) Vocabulary: Posters, presentation, important, charities, Water Aid,
Ravana, Hanuma Sita; Diva; Divali, light; Hindu celeb belonging, symbol community Prior Learning: Children celebrate and festivals.	River Ganges, Brahman, Ravana, Hanuman, Rama, Sita; Diva; Divali, festival of light; Hindu celebrating, belonging, symbol, community Prior Learning: Children celebrates birthdays	Vocabulary: Christians, Jesus, Bethlehem, Wise men etc (words related to the Christmas story Prior Learning: Birthday celebrations Curriculum Links: PSHE, British values Resources:	Vocabulary: Disciples, Rabbi, sinned, parents, the pool of Siloam, blind, Jesus, anointed, Sabbath, Pharisees, believe, Capernaum, spirit, paralytic, forgiven, blasphemies. Prior Learning: A visit to the hospital	beliefs? (Believing) Vocabulary: Jesus, Jerusalem, Palm Sunday, Priests, betrayed, money, Passover meal, Last Supper, cock crows, garden of Gethsemane, temple guards, punished, crucified, cross, angel, risen, heaven. Prior Learning:	Ganesha, image, describe, symbols, explore, meanings, popular, famous wisdom Prior Learning: Children investigated what happens during the festival of Divali and whether the celebrations bring a sense of belonging to Hindus. Curriculum Links: PSHE, British values,	power, water, collage, river, research, facts, raindrop sun catchers, wax crayons, sprinkled, parchment paper, River Ganges Prior Learning: Learning about Hindu beliefs Curriculum Links: PSHE, British values, Englishstory telling Resources:
	Curriculum Links:	Pass the Parcel (Huey the	Commissations Links	Festivals and celebrations	English- story telling.	Glass of water

Curriculum Links:

PSHE, British values,

English- story telling.

Pass the Parcel (Huey the

Owl) Nativity scenes/images

Children's Bible: Christmas

story

British values and rule of law.

Resources:

wax crayons

Holiday brochures for India,

parchment paper, shavings of

Resources:

Cube nets

Curriculum Links:

PSHE, British values,

English- story telling.

Pathway of Belief - Islam, Hinduism and Sikhism: DVD/Video	
www.bbc.co.uk/education/clip s/ zmwmpv4: Divali and New Beginnings	
Rangoli patterns, Diva lamps and Puja tray: internet - one per group	
Pictures of Hindu children during Divali: internet 'Being Me in My World': Jigsaw	
or	
Sikhism - The Amrit Ceremony and the Khalsa	
Knowledge and Learning: We are learning to understand the reasons why a Sikh may choose to join the Khalsa.	
Skills: To explain if joining the Khalsa make a person a better Sikh.	
To explain if religious people lead better lives.	
To explain if religion is the most important influence and inspiration in people's life.	
To explain if all religions beliefs influence people to behave well towards others.	

Vocabulary:

Resources: 'Bear Feels Sick' by Karma Wilson Bible Stories: Blind Man (John 9), Paralysed Man (Mark 2)

Resources: Easter story Art representations of 'The Last Supper' and 'The Crucifixion': e.g. Large sequencing cards for the Easter story: Palm Sunday, Maundy Thursday, Good Friday, etc. .

A small box containing pictures/models of different Hindu deities
Cards explaining the role of each of the Deities
Glass of water and salt,

or

Sikhism -Sharing and Community

pictures of the tri-murti

Knowledge and Learning:

We are learning to explore how Sikh beliefs affect their way of life and the importance they place on sharing

Skills:

To learn to answer the questions:

Do Sikhs think it is important to share?

Do religious people lead better lives?

Is religion the most important influence and inspiration in people's life?

Do all religious beliefs influence people to behave well towards others?

(Believing/Behaving)
Add Humanism if appropriate

Vocabulary:

acrostic poem, share, Sikh beliefs, emotions, commitment, reflect

or

Sikhism -

Prayer and Worship

Knowledge and Learning:

We are learning to understand different ways that Sikhs show their commitment to God, comparing their practices in order to explore which one shows the most commitment.

Skills:

To be able to answer the questions:

What is the best way for a Sikh to show commitment to God?

Do religious people lead better lives?

Does participating in worship help people to feel closer to God or their faith community? (Believing/Belonging)

Vocabulary:

Believing, belonging, 5 k's, symbols, Sikh, Khalsa, commitment, faith, community

Prior Learning:

Children have learned about Sikh beliefs and the 5 Ks.

Curriculum Links:

PSHE, British values, Englishstory telling.

Resources

		ı	ong Term Plan Year 2	024-2025		
	Believing, belonging, 5 k's, symbols, Sikh, Khalsa, commitment, faith, community Prior Learning: Curriculum Links: PSHE, British values Resources: Pathways of Belief - Islam, Hinduism and Sikhism': DVD/Video www.bbc.co.uk/education/clip s/ zghyr82: Origins of the Khalsa Jarah Prashtad 5Ks	L	ong remi ridii fedi 2	.024-2023	Prior Learning: Children have explored different religious beliefs Curriculum Links: PSHE, British values, English- story telling. Resources Pot of natural yoghurt Sikh flag Pictures of Sikhs sharing (4 or 5)	Range of symbols and artefacts that show commitment. The 5 Ks
French	Getting to know you Knowledge and Learning: This Getting to Know You unit will teach your class about basics of the French language. Your class will learn to greet each other, exchange names, ask how someone is, count to 10 and say how old they are. To support non-specialists, there are sound files of all key vocabulary plus extra teacher guidance at the end of each lesson plan.	All About Me Knowledge and Learning: This All About Me unit will teach your class to understand and follow instructions, name parts of the body, identify colours and say what they are wearing. To support non-specialists, there are sound files of all key vocabulary plus extra teacher guidance at the end of the lesson plan where necessary. Skills: To listen and respond to	Food Glorious Food Knowledge and Learning: This 'food' themed unit pack uses an easy-to-follow story as its inspiration and is designed to pick up and develop your class's learning from the previous Year 3 French units. By joining in with the story, your class will learn the vocabulary for a range of food, to express likes and dislikes, and to count and use plural nouns. To support non-specialists, there are sound files of all key vocabulary plus extra teacher guidance at the end of each lesson plan. Skills: To follow a familiar story in French.	Family and Friends Knowledge and Learning: This 'Family & Friends' unit will teach your class how to identify and introduce family and pets and spell their names. They will also learn the names for places in their own home. To support nonspecialists, there are also sound files of all key vocabulary, plus extra teacher guidance at the end of the lesson plans where necessary Skills:	Cur School Knowledge and Learning: This Our School unit will teach your class key vocabulary and phrases around the theme of school. Your class will learn vocabulary for school places and classroom objects; they will take part in a PE-themed lesson conducted mostly in French and will combine learning to express preferences about activities and school subjects. To support non-specialists, there are sound files of all key vocabulary plus extra teacher guidance where relevant at the end of each lesson plan. Skills:	Time Knowledge and Learning: In this 'Time' unit, your class will learn to say the days of the week, months and dates and also count on from 11 to 31. To support non-specialists, there are sound files of all key vocabulary, plus extra teacher guidance at the end of the lesson plans where necessary. Skills: I can recognise and repeat sounds and words with
	To greet people in different ways.	instructions. To read, listen and respond to vocabulary.	To use determiners for identifying quantities in making polite requests.	To present a picture of family members using possessive adjectives.	To ask and explain where things are in the classroom.	increasing accuracy. I can recognise, say and respond to a set of vocabulary.

To exchange names in French.

To discuss how I am feeling. To choose appropriate phrases for the situation. To recognise and repeat sounds and words accurately. To apply my knowledge to make sentences.

To understand and respond to action words.

To listen to and copy pronunciation of colour words accurately.

To ask and answer what is 'there'.

To use simple conjunctions to link vocabulary for clothes and accessories.

To use the definite article when generalising.
To describe the colour(s) of an object by modifying

To begin to place adjectives appropriately before or after the noun they modify.

To use a range of grammar structures to practise a set of vocabulary groups.

To develop strategies for remembering new language. To recognise and repeat sounds and words with increasing accuracy. To make links between known and new structures. To use French pronunciation of the alphabet to spell words. To make new sentences about homes by substituting different vocabulary.

To describe the contents of my pencil case.

To express opinions about school subjects.

To listen to commands and

follow instructions.
To ask and answer questions about places in school.

To construct simple sentences to say what I like to do at school.

I can listen, read and respond to a set of vocabulary. I can speak in sentences using known vocabulary and grammar. I can use known language to present information about French festival dates. I can begin to conjugate the

verb 'to be' for past and future

Curriculum Links:

French Dictionary.

All About France This is intended for the beginning of the unit. The children will gather any prior knowledge or experience of France or the language to share with their peers. Introduce Yourself The children will draw a self-portrait and add details using the language structures and vocabulary they have learnt in this unit.

Curriculum Links:

Lots of super videos can be found online to help children with these and other vocabulary topics. Authentic video/audio materials are invaluable for developing intercultural understanding. These books make brilliant aids for learning the language

within this unit: Easy Learning

Curriculum Links:

adjectives.

Cross-curricular activities: healthy eating. Lots of super videos can be found online to help children with these and other vocabulary topics. Authentic video/audio materials are invaluable for developing intercultural understanding. Book recommendations: Collins Robert French Dictionary.

Curriculum Links:

Children could use Google Earth to explore the types of houses found in French speaking countries. Teachers might want to 'virtually' visit a French house with their class on a French estate agency's website. Lots of super videos can be found online to help children with these and other vocabulary topics. Authentic video/audio materials are invaluable for developing intercultural understanding.

Book recommendations: Collins Robert French Dictionary.

Curriculum Links:

To develop intercultural understanding, children can research what it is like going to school in France, e.g. timetables, types of school, the school day. Lots of great videos can be found online to help children with these and other vocabulary topics. Authentic video/audio materials are invaluable for developing intercultural understanding. French language picture books are great for children to see the types of books read by young children in France.

Curriculum Links:

tense.

Home Learning –
Days and Months: Children can practise the days and months vocabulary independently using their own set of vocabulary cards to make up games.
Design a Birthday Card:
Children use the language developed in this unit to help them write a birthday card for a friend or family member.

Long Term Plan Year 2024-2025 Writing music down Playing in a band Composing using your More musical styles **Enjoying improvisation** Opening night (Charanga) imagination **Knowledge and Learning Knowledge and Learning** Explore the Musical Explore the Musical Explore the Musical Explore the Musical Spotlights and Social Explore the Musical Spotlights and Social Explore the Musical Spotlights and Social Spotlights and Social Spotlights and Social Questions within each Spotlights and Social Questions within each Questions within each Questions within each unit. Questions within each Questions within each unit. unit. unit. Begin to use music notation Begin to use music Begin to use music Begin to use music and start to put sound Begin to use music notation and start to put Begin to use music notation and start to put notation and start to put together with symbol where sound together with sound together with sound together with notation and start to put notation and start to put appropriate. sound together with symbol where appropriate. sound together with symbol where appropriate. symbol where appropriate. Listen to and learn about symbol where appropriate. symbol where appropriate. Listen to and learn about Listen to and learn about Listen to and learn about musical styles and how Listen to and learn about musical styles and how Listen to and learn about musical styles and how musical styles and how music has changed and music has changed and musical styles and how music has changed and music has changed and shaped lives around the musical styles and how world. music has changed and shaped lives around the music has changed and shaped lives around the shaped lives around the shaped lives around the shaped lives around the world. world. world. Think about and explore how world. world. singing and playing together Think about and explore Think about and explore Think about and explore can create beautiful sounds Think about and explore how singing and playing Think about and explore how singing and playing how singing and playing together can create together can create together can create and experiences. how singing and playing how singing and playing beautiful sounds and beautiful sounds and beautiful sounds and together can create together can create Play instruments together beautiful sounds and experiences. beautiful sounds and experiences. experiences. with more confidence and experiences. experiences. Play instruments together Play instruments together expression. Play instruments together with more confidence and Play instruments together with more confidence and Play instruments together with more confidence and Explore where they with more confidence and expression. with more confidence and expression. expression. improvise in a song. expression. expression. Explore where they Explore where they Explore where they Using their imaginations Explore where they improvise in a song. Explore where they improvise in a song. improvise in a song. when composing using improvise in a song. improvise in a song. Using their imaginations Using their imaginations Using their imaginations graphic scores and Music when composing using when composing using Using their imaginations Using their imaginations when composing using Explorer. when composing using graphic scores and Music when composing using graphic scores and Music graphic scores and Music Plan and create a graphic scores and Music Explorer. graphic scores and Music Explorer. Explorer. performance with an Explorer. Explorer. Plan and create a Plan and create a Plan and create a understanding of the songs they are singing and where Plan and create a performance with an Plan and create a performance with an performance with an performance with an understanding of the performance with an understanding of the understanding of the they fit in the world. understanding of the songs they are singing understanding of the songs they are singing songs they are singing Create their own band using songs they are singing and where they fit in the songs they are singing and where they fit in the and where they fit in the the simple band parts and where they fit in the world. and where they fit in the world. world. provided. Every instrument world. world. Create their own band Create their own band Create their own band is there! Create their own band using the simple band Create their own band using the simple band using the simple band using the simple band parts provided. Every using the simple band parts provided. Every parts provided. Every **Skills** instrument is there! parts provided. Every parts provided. Every instrument is there! instrument is there!

instrument is there!

Skills

Skills

To listen and appraise

Skills

To listen and appraise

To listen and appraise

To perform/share

To sing

instrument is there!

Skills

To listen and appraise

Skills

To listen and appraise
To sing
To perform/share
To play and improvise
To compose

Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, timbre, texture, tempo, structure, notation, ballad, harmony, drumloops, solo, ensemble, song, verse, chorus, lyrics

Semi-breves, minims, rests

Curriculum Links

Geography and History: -Music from around the world and from different periods of time

PSHE: Friendship and building relationships • Kindness and helping one another • Connecting and interacting with others • Responsibility • Families, your place in your family • Making friends and understanding each other, communication • Using your imagination

To sing
To perform/share
To play and improvise
To compose

Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, timbre, texture, tempo, structure, notation, song, verse, chorus, lyrics

Crotchets, minims, rests

Curriculum Links

Geography and History: Music from around the world and from different periods of time

PSHE: Friendship and building relationships • Kindness and helping one another • Connecting and interacting with others • Responsibility • Families, your place in your family • Making friends and understanding each other, communication • Using your imagination

To listen and appraise
To sing
To perform/share
To play and improvise
To compose

Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, timbre, texture, tempo, structure, notation, cover, roots reggae, song, verse, chorus, lyrics

Crotchets, quavers, minims, rests

Curriculum Links

Geography and History: Music from around the world and from different periods of time

rime
PSHE: Friendship and
building relationships •
Kindness and helping one
another • Connecting and
interacting with others •
Responsibility • Families,
your place in your family •
Making friends and
understanding each other,
communication • Using your
imagination

To sing
To perform/share
To play and improvise
To compose

Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, timbre, texture, tempo, structure, notation, song, verse, chorus, lyrics

Crotchets, minims

Curriculum Links

Geography and History: Music from around the world and from different periods of time

PSHE: Friendship and building relationships • Kindness and helping one another • Connecting and interacting with others • Responsibility • Families, your place in your family • Making friends and understanding each other, communication • Using your imagination

To sing
To perform/share
To play and improvise
To compose

Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, timbre, texture, tempo, structure, notation, song, verse, chorus, lyrics, disco/funk,

Crotchets, quavers, minims, dotted quavers, rests

Curriculum Links

Geography and History: Music from around the world and from different periods of time

PSHE: Friendship and building relationships • Kindness and helping one another • Connecting and interacting with others • Responsibility • Families, your place in your family • Making friends and understanding each other, communication • Using your imagination

To play and improvise To compose

Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, timbre, texture, tempo, structure, notation, song, verse, chorus, lyrics

Curriculum Links

Geography and History: Music from around the world and from different periods of time PSHE: Friendship and building relationships • Kindness and helping one another • Connecting and interacting with others • Responsibility • Families, your place in your family • Making friends and understanding each other, communication • Using your imagination

PSHE	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Differences	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and Responsibilities	Being My Best	Growing and Changing
(SCARF)	Knowledge and Learning: how to identify worry and what actions to take, difference between a secret	Knowledge and Learning: How to identify different types	Knowledge and Learning: Identify different types of relationships;	Knowledge and Learning: Understand why we have rules	Knowledge and Learning: Identify healthy eating habits/foods, understand a balanced diet. Identify the	Knowledge and Learning: Understanding different feelings Bereavement / loss Recognise their talents and
	and a surprise, know who to go to for help if a secret made them uncomfortable	of families and different types of relationships. How to be respectful and show respect when discussing viewpoints and challenging viewpoints of	Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.	Understand money and responsibility	major parts of the body systems	talents of others Identify areas of achievement and areas for development Puberty
	Skills: identify when someone is worried. Which actions to take when someone is worried,	others. Understanding differences of individuals. Understand what bullying is	Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with	Skills: Explain why we have rules;	Skills: Explain how each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell	Skills: Explain some of the feelings
	recognise how different surprises and secrets would make them feel,	and strategies to deal with bullying.	why is first aid important, what is body space (personal space)	Explore why rules are different for different age groups, in particular for internet-based activities;	Plate) benefits the body; Explain what is meant by the	someone might have when they lose something important to them;
	Vocabulary Dare, worry, safe/unsafe secret, surprise, uncomfortable	Skills: Recognise that there are many different types of family;	Skills: How to give first aid, How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if	Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings;	term 'balanced diet'; Give examples what foods might make up a healthy balanced meal.	Understand that these feelings are normal and a way of dealing with the situation.
	Prior Learning Curriculum Links	Understand what is meant by 'adoption' 'fostering' and 'same-sex relationships.'	necessary. how to be assertive about personal space, be able to form and maintain	Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules. Understand the terms 'income', 'saving' and	Explain how some infectious illnesses are spread from one	Explain some of the different talents and skills that people have and how skills are developed;
	Resources SCARF	Reflect on listening skills;	positive relationships Vocabulary	'spending'; Recognise that there are	person to another; Explain how simple hygiene	Recognise their own skills and
	SCAN	Give examples of respectful language;	relationship, assertive, feelings, emotions, private, appropriate touch	times we can buy items we want and times when we need to save for items;	routines can help to reduce the risk of the spread of infectious illnesses;	those of other children in the class.
		Give examples of how to challenge another's viewpoint, respectfully.	Prior Learning Curriculum Links	Suggest items and services around the home that need to	Suggest medical and non- medical ways of treating an	Identify their achievements and areas of development;
		Recognise the factors that make people similar to and	science-the body Resources	be paid for (e.g. food, furniture, electricity etc.)	illness.	Recognise that people may say kind things to help us feel good about ourselves;
		different from each other; Recognise that repeated	SCARF	Explain that people earn their income through their jobs;	Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs,	Explain why some groups of people are not represented as
		name calling is a form of bullying;		Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skill,	stomach, small and large intestines, liver, brain);	much on television/in the media. Recognise that babies come
		Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including		experience, training, responsibility etc.)	Describe how food, water and	from the joining of an egg and sperm;

Rules, consequences, money, saving, income, spending, factors, jobs

Vocabulary

Explain what happens when an

egg doesn't meet a sperm;

air get into the body and

blood.

talking to a trusted adult).

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	cabulary		Identify situations which are	Understand that for girls,
	ationship, friend, family,		safe or unsafe;	periods are a normal part of
	iple, family friend, uncle,	Prior Learning		puberty.
	nt, mum, dad, step-brother,		Identify people who can help	
	p-sister, cousin, same-sex		if a situation is unsafe;	Vocabulary
	ıple, neighbour,	Curriculum Links	ii a situation is unsaic,	Vocabulary
grand	ndparents, adopted family,	Money- Maths		
view	w point, respectful,		Suggest strategies for	
bullyi	lying, differences, traits,	Resources	keeping safe.	Dulan Lagration
	periences	SCARF		Prior Learning
			Vocabulary	
Prior	or Learning		Balanced diet, healthy,	
	5. 25ag		illness, medicine, medical,	Curriculum Links
			infectious, disease, safe,	Science – the human body
Curri	rriculum Links		unsafe	
Cuit	TICUIUITI EITINS			
Poor	sources		Prior Learning	Resources
				SCARF
SCA	ARF			
			Curriculum Links	
			Science –Animals including	
			humans	
			Hamano	
			Resources	
			SCARF	
			SUARE	